## FEATURES

4 on-board variables supplies with LEDs to show status
LEDs to show power good, fault, and sequence done (main
$\quad$ evaluation kits only)
Switchable capacitors to set time delays (main evaluation
kits only)
Manual fault push switch
Single step mode
Multiple boards can be cascaded for more than four supplies
(EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only)

## PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

The ADM1186-1 and ADM1186-2 can be used to turn on and off four supplies in sequence under the control of a state machine, and can monitor the supplies to ensure that they are above a user defined undervoltage (UV) threshold. If any supply drops below the UV threshold, a fault occurs and the state machine turns all the supplies off.

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

There are two types of evaluation kits for the ADM1186-1 and ADM1186-2. The main evaluation boards are intended for standalone operation of the devices with just an external mains power supply. They provide all the on-board supplies, controls,
and status indicators necessary to operate the device. The micro-evaluation boards are intended to allow the ADM118-1 or ADM1186-2 to be easily used as part of a bench prototype, and include the minimal set of components.

The evaluation kits for each device allow a user to perform controlled up and down sequences of four supplies. The main evaluation kits allow simulated fault conditions on each on-board supply or on a control signal. All kits provide the ability to single-step and observe the behavior of the state machine during the power-up and power-down sequence.
A single ADM1186-1 can control four supplies, but it is possible to join multiple devices and boards together to support cascaded up and down sequences of eight, 12 , or more supplies. The main ADM1186-1 evaluation board supports a daisy-chain connection to demonstrate this feature.

## EVALUATION KIT CONTENTS

The EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ and EVAL-ADM1186-2EBZ evaluation kits contain an evaluation board, along with some samples of the ADM1186-1 or the ADM1186-2 parts.

The EVAL-ADM1186-1MBZ and EVAL-ADM1186-2MBZ micro-evaluation kits contain only an evaluation board.

For all types of evaluation kit, an ADM1186-1 or ADM1186-2 device is present and soldered to the board.

## Rev. 0

Evaluation boards are only intended for device evaluation and not for production purposes. Evaluation boards are supplied "as is" and without warranties of any kind, express, implied, or statutory including, but not limited to, any implied warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patents or other intellectual property by application or use of evaluation boards. Information furnished by Analog Devices is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Analog Devices for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties that may result from its use. Analog Devices reserves the right to change devices or specifications at any time without notice. Trademarks and registered trademarks are the property of their respective owners. Evaluation boards are not authorized to be used in life support devices or systems.

## EVAL-ADM1186

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## REVISION HISTORY

9/08—Revision 0: Initial Version

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS


## EVAL-ADM1186



Figure 2. ADM1186-2 Evaluation Board

## EVALUATION BOARD HARDWARE <br> EVALUATION BOARD CONNECTOR, SWITCH, JUMPER, LED, AND TEST POINT FUNCTIONS

Table 1. Connector Functions

| Reference | Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| J1 | Terminal block | J1-1: Connects the a positive terminal of a 5 V bench supply to the board <br> J1-2: Connects the ground terminal of a bench supply to the board <br> Connects to the previous board when interconnecting ADM1186-1 boards in cascade <br> (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| J3 | Cascade pin header | DC barrel jack |
| J13-Outer: Connects the a positive terminal of a 9V supply to the board |  |  |
| J3-Center: Connects the ground terminal of a supply to the board |  |  |
| Connects to the next board when interconnecting ADM1186-1 boards in cascade |  |  |
| (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |  |  |

Table 2. Switch Functions

| Reference | Description | Position | Function |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| S1 | Switch to select power source | Jack | Selects dc barrel jack as power source |
|  |  | Term | Selects terminal block as power source |
| S2 | Sequence control | Up | Connects the UP and $\overline{\text { DOWN }}$ pins to the ADM1186 supply |
|  |  | Down | Connects the UP and $\overline{D O W N}$ pins to ground |
| S3 | Delay 1 control (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Hold | Connects the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin to ground to pause the state machine |
|  |  | Seq | No connection to the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin, no effect on the state machine |
| S4 | Delay 2 control | Hold | Connects the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin to ground to pause the state machine |
|  |  | Seq | No connection to the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin, no effect on the state machine |
| S5 | Delay 3 control | Hold | Connects the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin to ground to pause the state machine |
|  |  | Seq | No connection to the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin, no effect on the state machine |
| S6 | Delay 4 control | Hold | Connects the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin to ground to pause the state machine |
|  |  | Seq | No connection to the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin, no effect on the state machine |
| S7 | Blanking delay control | Hold | Connects the BLANK_DLY pin to ground to pause the state machine |
|  |  | Seq | No connection to the BLANK_DLY pin, no effect on the state machine |
| S8 | Sets time delay associated with the 3.3 V supply (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | S8-1 | Connects C9 and C5 (user-defined) between the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin and ground |
|  |  | S8-2 | Connects C8 ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) between the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin and ground |
|  |  | S8-3 | Connects C7 (100 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin and ground |
|  |  | S8-4 | Connects C2 (1 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin and ground |
| S9 | Sets time delay associated with the 2.5 V supply | S9-1 | Connects C21 and C14 (user-defined) between the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin and ground |
|  |  | S9-2 | Connects C17 ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) between the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin and ground |
|  |  | S9-3 | Connects C15 (100 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin and ground |
|  |  | S9-4 | Connects C12 (1 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin and ground |
| S10 | Sets time delay associated with the 1.8 V supply | S10-1 | Connects C35 and C24 (user-defined) between the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin and ground |
|  |  | S10-2 | Connects C27 ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) between the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin and ground |
|  |  | S10-3 | Connects C25 (100 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin and ground |
|  |  | S10-4 | Connects C23 (1 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin and ground |
| S11 | Sets time delay associated with the 1.5 V supply | S11-1 | Connects C36 and C31 (user-defined) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S11-2 | Connects C30 ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S11-3 | Connects C29 (100 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S11-4 | Connects C28 (1 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
| S12 | Sets time delay associated with the blanking time | S12-1 | Connects C41 and C38 (user-defined) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S12-2 | Connects C40 ( $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ ) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S12-3 | Connects C39 (100 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |
|  |  | S12-4 | Connects C37 (1 nF) between the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin and ground |

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| Reference | Description | Position | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S13 | Manual fault switch <br> (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Pressed | Connects the $\overline{\text { FAULT line to ground }}$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| VR1 | 3.3 V adjust | Neduces the 3.3 V supply voltage when the switch is turned counterclockwise |  |
| VR2 | 2.5 V adjust | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | Reduces the 2.5 V supply voltage when the switch is turned counterclockwise |
| VR3 | 1.8 V adjust | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | Reduces the 1.8 V supply voltage when the switch is turned counterclockwise |
| VR4 | 1.5 V adjust | $\mathrm{N} / \mathrm{A}$ | Reduces the 1.5 V supply voltage when the switch is turned counterclockwise |

Table 3. Jumper Functions

| Reference | Description | Default |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J4 | J4-A: Connects the VCC pin to a 5 V supply J4-B: Connects the VCC pin to a 3.3 V supply | J4-A |
| J5 | J5-A: Connects the UP pin to the SEQ_DONE signal of the previous board in cascade J5-B: Connects the UP pin to Switch S2 if the first board in cascade or a single standalone board (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | J5-B |
| J6 | J6-A: Connects the $\overline{\text { DOWN }}$ pin to the SEQ_DONE signal of the next board in cascade J6-B: Connects the $\overline{\text { DOWN }}$ pin to Switch S2 if the last board in cascade or a single standalone board (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | J6-B |
| J7 | Connects PWRGD to a VCC supply via $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Fitted |
| J8 | Connects the PWRGD pin to the PWRGD bus in cascade operation (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Fitted |
| J9 | Connects the FAULT pin to VCC supply via $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ pull-up resistor (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Fitted |
| J10 | Connects the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ pin to the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ bus in cascade operation (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | Fitted |

Table 4. LED Functions

| Reference | Name | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| D1 | 5 V board supply | The green LED indicates the status of the main 5 V supply rail |
| D2 | 3.3 V ADM1186 supply | The green LED indicates the status of the ADM1186 3.3 V supply rail |
| D3 | 3.3 V variable supply | The green LED indicates the status of the variable 3.3 V supply rail |
| D4 | 2.5 V variable supply | The green LED indicates the status of the variable 2.5 V supply rail |
| D5 | 1.8 V variable supply | The green LED indicates the status of the variable 1.8 V supply rail |
| D6 | 1.5 V variable supply | The green LED indicates the status of the variable 1.5 V supply rail |
| D7 | PWRGD | The green LED indicates when the PWRGD pin is asserted high |
| D8 | SEQ_DONE (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | The green LED indicates when the SEQ_DONE pin is asserted high |
| D9 | FAULT (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) | The red LED indicates when the $\overline{\text { FAULT pin is asserted low }}$ |

Table 5. Test Point Functions

| Reference | Function |
| :---: | :---: |
| 5VOB | Monitors the voltage at the 5 V regulator output or input to $\mathrm{J} 1-1$ depending on position of Switch S1 |
| 3V3B | Monitors the voltage at the output of the 3.3V ADM1186 regulator |
| 3_3V | Monitors the voltage at the output of the 3.3 V variable regulator |
| 2_5V | Monitors the voltage at the output of the 2.5 V variable regulator |
| 1_8V | Monitors the voltage at the output of the 1.8 V variable regulator |
| 1_5V | Monitors the voltage at the output of the 1.5 V variable regulator |
| VIN1 | Monitors the voltage at the VIN1 pin |
| VIN2 | Monitors the voltage at the VIN2 pin |
| VIN3 | Monitors the voltage at the VIN3 pin |
| VIN4 | Monitors the voltage at the VIN4 pin |
| UP | Monitors the voltage at the UP pin (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| /DOWN | Monitors the voltage at the $\overline{\text { DOWN }}$ pin (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| UP/DOWN | Monitors the voltage at the UP/ $\overline{\text { DOWN }}$ pin (EVAL-ADM1186-2EBZ only) |
| OUT1 | Monitors the voltage at the OUT1 pin |
| OUT2 | Monitors the voltage at the OUT2 pin |
| OUT3 | Monitors the voltage at the OUT3 pin |
| OUT4 | Monitors the voltage at the OUT4 pin |
| PWRGD | Monitors the voltage at the PWRGD pin |
| SEQ_DONE | Monitors the voltage at the SEQ_DONE pin (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| /FAULT | Monitors the voltage at the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ pin (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| DLY1 | Monitors the voltage at the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| DLY2 | Monitors the voltage at the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin |
| DLY3 | Monitors the voltage at the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin |
| DLY4 | Monitors the voltage at the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin |
| BLNK | Monitors the voltage at the BLANK_DLY pin |
| SEQ_DONE_NEXT | Monitors the voltage at the SEQ_DONE pin of the next ADM1186-1 device in cascade (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| SEQ_DONE_PREV | Monitors the voltage at the SEQ_DONE pin of the previous ADM1186-1 device in cascade (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| SEQ_CNTRL_A | Monitors the voltage on the sequence control bus in cascade (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| SEQ_CNTRL_B | Monitors the same voltage as SEQ_CNTRL_A (EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ only) |
| GND1 | Ground terminal |
| GND2 | Ground terminal |

## EVAL-ADM1186

## MICRO-EVALUATION BOARD SWITCH FUNCTIONS

Table 6. ADM1186-1MBZ Switch Functions

| Reference | Description | Position | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | Single stepping and fault generation | S1-1 | Delay 1 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT1 pin to ground to <br> pause state machine <br> Delay 2 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin to ground to <br> pause state machine |
| Delay 3 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin to ground to |  |  |  |
| pause state machine |  |  |  |
| Delay 4 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin to ground to |  |  |  |
| pause state machine |  |  |  |
| Blanking delay control; when on, connects the BLANK_DLY pin to ground |  |  |  |
| to pause state machine |  |  |  |
| Fault generation; when on, holds the $\overline{\text { FAULT line low }}$ |  |  |  |

Table 7.ADM1186-2MBZ Switch Functions

| Reference | Description | Position | Function |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | Single | S1-1 | Delay 2 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT2 pin to ground to pause state machine |
|  | stepping | S1-2 | Delay 3 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT3 pin to ground to pause state machine |
|  |  | S1-3 | Delay 4 control; when on, connects the DLY_EN_OUT4 pin to ground to pause state machine |
|  |  | S1-4 | Blanking delay control; when on, connects the BLANK_DLY pin to ground to pause state machine |

## EVALUATION BOARD OPERATION POWER REQUIREMENT

The evaluation board requires a supply rail of 5 V , which can be provided in one of two ways: either a dc supply of 5 V can be directly connected to the terminal block, J1 with polarity as marked on the PCB, or a 9 V dc supply can be connected to the J3 barrel jack connector, which is then regulated down. The center of the barrel jack connector is ground.

A switch, S 1 , selects which of the two supply options (jack or term) is used by the board. At no time should a supply connection be made to both J1 and J3.
When multiple EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ boards are cascaded together, power needs to be applied to a single board. Switch S1 must be set to the same position on all boards, depending on whether the terminal block or barrel jack is in use. This should be done before power is connected.

## GETTING STARTED

This section demonstrates the basic operation of a main evaluation board, performing a simple up and down sequence. The detailed operation and configuration of the board is covered in the following sections.

To configure a single board to perform an up and down sequence, use the following steps:

1. Set S 2 to the down position. Set the S 3 to S 7 switches to the Seq position. S3 is present only on EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ. Set switch banks S8 to S12 such that only Switch Position 2 on each bank of switches is on. S8 is present only on EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ.
2. On EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ, ensure that jumpers are fitted on J8 to J10.
3. Ensure that jumpers are fitted in positions J4-A, J5-B, and J6-B. Only J4 is present on EVAL-ADM1186-2EBZ.
4. Turn VR1 to VR4 so that they are fully clockwise.
5. Connect an appropriate supply to either J1 or J3 and set Switch S1 accordingly.

The D1 and D2 LEDs should be on. Change Switch S2 to the up position to start an up sequence. The four supplies turn on, shown by LEDs D3 to D6. The PWRGD (power good) and SEQ_DONE (sequence done) LEDs, D7 and D8, are also turned on at the end of the up sequence. Setting S2 to down reverses the sequence, turning off the LEDs.

## Setting Voltage-Detection Levels

The input pins, VIN1 to VIN4, monitor one of four supply voltages. The VIN1 pin monitors the 3.3 V rail. An external resistor divider scales this voltage down for monitoring at the VIN1 pin. The resistor ratio has been chosen so that the VIN1 voltage is 0.6 V when the 3.3 V rail is $5 \%$ below its nominal value. For example, if $R 1$ is $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ and $R 2$ is $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega$, a voltage level of 3.13 V corresponds to 0.6 V at the VIN1 pin, as shown in Figure 3.


Figure 3. Setting the Undervoltage Threshold with an External Resistor Divider

## Board Supplies

The board supply of 5 V is used to generate the four rails monitored by VIN1 to VIN2. The four other rails are nominally 3.3 V , $2.5 \mathrm{~V}, 1.8 \mathrm{~V}$, and 1.5 V , but can be varied by about $\pm 10 \%$ using the variable resistors VR1 to VR4, respectively. This range is sufficient to allow the user to set a supply above or below the UV level to simulate undervoltage faults during a sequence or once powered on.

## Capacitor Timing and Single Stepping

The ADM1186-1 provides five timing pins, four used for sequence delays and one for a blanking time. The ADM1186-2 provides four timing pins, three used for sequence delays and one for a blanking time. A capacitor on each pin sets the time delay for a given state during an up or a down sequence.
The evaluation boards provide three fixed value capacitors for each sequence delay that can be individually switched in or out, as required, using S8 to S11 (S8 is found only on EVAL-ADM11861EBZ). The capacitor values fitted are $10 \mathrm{nF}, 100 \mathrm{nF}$, and $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}$, giving approximate delay times of $1 \mathrm{~ms}, 10 \mathrm{~ms}$, and 100 ms .
The evaluation boards provide three fixed value capacitors for the blanking delay that can be individually switched in or out, as required, using S12. The capacitor values fitted are 10 nF , 47 nF , and 100 nF , giving approximate delay times of $1 \mathrm{~ms}, 5 \mathrm{~ms}$, and 10 ms .

## EVAL-ADM1186

There is also provision for user capacitors to be fitted to the board that may be switched in for additional sequence or blanking delay time options. For all capacitors, the duration of the time delay is defined by the following formula:

$$
t_{D E L A Y}=C_{D E L A Y} \times 0.1
$$

where:
$t_{\text {DELAY }}$ is the time delay in seconds.
$C_{\text {DELAY }}$ is the capacitor value in microfarads.
Associated with each group of capacitors on a timing pin is a switch that can be used to hold the state machine in a specific state. This function allows the user to single-step through an up or down sequence, and manually control when the next state change occurs.

The S3 to S7 switches are set to the sequence position for normal operation (S3 is found only on the EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ). Setting a switch to the hold position grounds the timing pin, preventing the capacitor from charging and effectively pausing the state machine.

Refer to the relevant state machine diagram in the ADM1186 data sheet for the details of when the capacitors are used during the power-up and power-down sequences.

## Manual Fault Generation

The EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ provides a push switch, S13, that can be used to generate a fault condition by bringing the FAULT line low for as long as the switch is pressed. While S13 is pressed, the D9 LED is lit to indicate a fault condition.

The delay control switches can be used to pause the state machine and examine its behavior under various fault conditions. For example, setting the Delay 2 control switch to hold prevents the state machine from advancing to the ENABLE OUT2 state. This allows a user to simulate a UV condition on the 3.3 V supply in the Delay 2 state that is otherwise difficult to achieve.

## CASCADING MULTIPLE BOARDS

The ADM1186-1 provides additional pins and functionality that enable multiple devices to be cascaded, while still maintaining a controlled power-up and power-down sequence.

The EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ supports the cascading of multiple boards so that the behavior of multiple ADM1186-1 parts controlling eight, 12,16 , or more supplies can be demonstrated.
The J2 and J11 connectors are used to daisy-chain the EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ boards to cascade multiple devices. When connecting the boards together the order is important as this sets the place in the power-up/power-down sequence. The pinouts for the two connectors used for cascading boards are shown in Figure 4.


Figure 4. Pin Connections for the Cascade Connectors on Board $N$
Figure 5 shows how boards should be connected in cascade and the order in which the twelve supplies are turned on, from 1 to 12. In the power down sequence, the order is reversed so Supply 12 is turned off first and Supply 1 is turned off last.
There is a pair of jumpers on EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ that needs to be set to connect the sequence up and down control signals. Jumper J5 and Jumper J6 should be set according to Table 3. For example, Board A would have J5 in Position B and J6 in Position A. When all boards are configured, Switch S2 on Board A is able to control the up and down sequence for all cascaded boards.


Figure 5. Connecting Multiple EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZs in Cascade

Jumper J8 and Jumper J10 allow the isolation of the PWRGD and $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ signals to individual boards. When the jumpers are fitted, the PWRGD or $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ signals of each board are connected to the PWRGD or FAULT bus.

If the PWRGD signals from all the boards are joined to the PWRGD bus, then the PWRGD signal is active only if all supplies are above their UV threshold levels.
If the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ signals are all joined to the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ bus, a fault on any one board causes all other devices to enter their fault handler states as well. When multiple ADM1186-1 parts are used in cascade, their $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ pins are typically connected together to ensure that the power-up and power-down sequence works correctly.

Finally, Jumper J7 and Jumper J9 are used to connect pull-up resistors to the PWRGD and FAULT pins on each board. The pull-up resistors are connected to the VCC supply rail, selected by J4, for a given ADM1186-1. If multiple PWRGD or FAULT pins are connected together, particularly if the ADM1186-1 devices are being powered from different supply voltages, then only one J7 or J9 jumper should be fitted on all the boards in cascade.

## MICRO-EVALUATION BOARD

The micro-evaluation boards can be used to easily create bench prototypes of a power system. The ADM1186 micro-evaluation boards provide all the minimum components necessary to sequence and monitor four external dc-to-dc power modules or LDOs.

Each micro-evaluation board provides precision resistors for scaling to monitor $3.3 \mathrm{~V}, 2.5 \mathrm{~V}, 1.8 \mathrm{~V}$, and 1.5 V rails, and capacitors to set the sequencing and blanking delays. A pull-up resistor is also provided on each open-drain output to ensure correct operation.

A bank of switches is provided to enable the single-step operation of the state machine. These switches operate in the same ways as the Delay x control switches on the main evaluation boards. Turning on a switch grounds a time capacitor and holds the state machine in the given state if that capacitor is being used to control a time delay.
One of the switches on the EVAL-ADM1186-1MBZ is connected to the $\overline{\text { FAULT }}$ line and can be used to generate a fault condition, if required.

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## EVALUATION BOARD SCHEMATICS



Figure 6. EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ Schematic Page 1


Figure 7. EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ Schematic Page 2


Figure 8. EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ Schematic Page 3




Figure 11. EVAL-ADM1186-2EBZ Schematic Page 2


Figure 12. EVAL-ADM1186-2EBZ Schematic Page 3


## EVAL-ADM1186

## ORDERING INFORMATION

## BILL OF MATERIALS

Table 8. Bill of Materials for the ADM1186-1EBZ

| Qty | Reference Designator | Description | Supplier/Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 25 | /DOWN, /FAULT, 1V5, 1V8, 2V5, 3V3, 3V3B, 5VOB, BLNK, DLY1, DLY2, DLY3, DLY4, GND1, GND2, OUT1 to OUT4, PWRGD, SEQ_CNTRL_A, SEQ_CNTRL_B, SEQ_DONE, SEQ_DONE_NEXT, SEQ_DONE_PREV | Red testpoint | Vero 20-313137 | FEC 8731144 |
| 5 | UP, VIN1 to VIN4 | Red top layer testpoint | Vero 20-313137 | FEC 8731144 |
| 6 | C1, C8, C17, C27, C30, C43 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | AVX 0805ZC105KAT2A | FEC 1327700 |
| 5 | C2, C12, C23, C28, C37 | $10 \mathrm{nF}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Multicomp U0805R103KCT | FEC 9406352 |
| 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C3, C4, C6, C10, C11, C13, C16, } \\ & \text { C18 to C20 } \end{aligned}$ | $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 0805$ capacitor | Phycomp 222224015667 | FEC 9402152 |
| 5 | C5, C14, C24, C31, C38 | 0805 capacitor, user defined |  | Option only, not fitted |
| 7 | C7, C15, C22, C25, C26, C29, C34 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%$, 0805 capacitor | Kemet C0805F104K5RAC | FEC 1288272 |
| 5 | C9, C21, C35, C36, C41 | Pin socket | Harwin H3153F01 | FEC 519935 (2 pins required per component) |
| 2 | C32, C33 | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 16 \mathrm{~V}, 10 \%$, tantalum capacitor | EPCOS <br> B45196H3106K209 | FEC 9753893 |
| 1 | C39 | $47 \mathrm{nF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \% 0805$ capacitor | Multicomp U0805R473KCT | FEC 9406379 |
| 1 | C40 | $220 \mathrm{nF}, 25 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \% 0805$ capacitor | AVX 08053C224KAZ1A | FEC 7569572 |
| 8 | D1 to D8 | Green 0805 chip LED | Kingsbright KP-2012SGC | FEC 1318243 |
| 1 | D9 | Red 0805 chip LED | Kingsbright KP-2012SRCPRV | FEC 1318244 |
| 1 | D10 | High speed switching diode, SOD-80C | NXP BAS32L | FEC 1097173 |
| 1 | J1 | 2-pin top-layer terminal block ( 5 mm pitch), | Lumberg KRM 02 | FEC 1177875 |
| 1 | J2 | 8 -way top-layer right angle SIL header, (only 8 of the 36 way needed per board) | Fisher Elektronik SL 3.25.36G | FEC 9729100 |
| 1 | J3 | 2.1 mm dc top-layer barrel power connector | Cliff Electronic Components DC10A | FEC 224959 |
| 3 | J4 to J6 | 3-pin SIL header and shorting link | Harwin M20-9990345 and M7567-05 | FEC 1022248 and 150410 |
| 3 | J7 to J9 | 2-pin (0.1" pitch) header and shorting shunt | Harwin M20-9990246 and M7566-05 | FEC 1022247 and 150411 |
| 1 | J10 | 2-pin (0.1" pitch) header and shorting shunt | Harwin M20-9990246 and M7566-05 | FEC 1022247 and 150411 |
| 1 | J11 | 16-pin top-layer header; 100 mil centers, DIP16 | Harwin M20-7890846 | FEC 7992092 |
| 7 | Q1 to Q5, Q8, Q10 | BC850C, SOT-23, general-purpose NPN SMD transistor | NXP BC850C | FEC 1081241 |
| 1 | Q9 | BC860C, SOT-23, general-purpose PNP silicon transistor | NXP BC860C | FEC 1081249 |
| 1 | R1 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%$, 0805 resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R2 | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 23K7BI.T1 | FEC 1160225 |
| 2 | R3, R5 | $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 56K2BI.T1 | FEC 1160251 |


| Qty | Reference Designator | Description | Supplier/Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | R4 | $19.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R19K1BT1 | FEC 1353228 |
| 1 | R6 | $30.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 30K1BI.T1 | FEC 1160234 |
| 1 | R7 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R8 | $73.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R73K2BT1 | FEC 1353300 |
| 1 | R9 | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461803 | FEC 9237780 |
| 1 | R10 | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461803 | FEC 9237780 |
| 18 | R11, R14 to R16, R19, R20, R23, R24, R28 to R30, R32, R36, R38, R39, R47, R48, R50 | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, \pm 2 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 1K G | FEC 1099800 |
| 2 | R12, R13 | $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273465603 | FEC 9237844 |
| 1 | R17 | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461503 | FEC 9237771 |
| 1 | R18 | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273463303 | FEC 9237810 |
| 1 | R21 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461003 | FEC 9237755 |
| 1 | R22 | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461503 | FEC 9237771 |
| 7 | R25, R31, R33, R34, R35, R37, R40 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, \pm 2 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805100 K G | FEC 1099816 |
| 1 | R26 | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273465602 | FEC 9237712 |
| 1 | R27 | $6.8 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273466802 | FEC 9237739 |
| 7 | R41 to R45, R49, R53 | $0 \Omega, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 OR0 G | FEC 1099786 |
| 1 | R51 | $12 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, \pm 2 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 12K G | FEC 1100321 |
| 1 | S1 | Slide switch (extended top actuator) | Alps STSSS9221 | FEC 1123878 |
| 6 | S2 to S7 | Slide switch | Alps STSSS9121 | FEC 1123875 |
| 5 | S8 to S12 | 4-way switch | Omron Electronic Components A6S-4101 | FEC 9901868 |
| 1 | S13 | Push button switch | Omron Electronic Components B3S-1000 | FEC 177807 |
| 1 | U1 | ADM1186-1, 20-lead QSOP | Analog Devices, Inc. ADM1186-1ARQZ | ADM1186-1ARQZ |
| 5 | U2 to U6 | ADP1712-ADJ, 5-lead SOT-23, adjustable LDO | Analog Devices, Inc. ADP1712AUJZ-R7 | ADP1712AUJZ-R7 |
| 1 | U7 | 3-terminal, $0.1 \mathrm{~A}, 5 \mathrm{~V}$ positive voltage regulator, 78L05, TO-92 | ON Semiconductor MC78L05ACPG | FEC 9666125 |
| 1 | U9 | 20-pin QSOP socket; fitted only if U1 is not present | Enplas OTS-20(28)-0.635-02-00 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { OTS-20(28)-0.635- } \\ & 02-00 \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | U8 | 74LVC3G34, VSSOP8 | Texas Instruments SN74LVC3G34DCUR | FEC 1287565 |
| 4 | VR1 to VR4 | $5 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ trimmer potentiometer | Vishay Spectrol 63M-T607-502 | FEC 9608222 |
| 1 | VR5 | Trimmer potentiometer | Vishay Spectrol | Option only, not fitted |

## EVAL-ADM1186

Table 9. Bill Of Materials for the EVAL-ADM1186-1MBZ

| Qty | Reference Designator | Description | Supplier/Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5 | C1, C3 to C6 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%$, 0805 capacitor | AVX 0805ZC105KAT2A | FEC 1327700 |
| 1 | C2 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Kemet C0805F104K5RAC | FEC 1288272 |
| 1 | C7 | $47 \mathrm{nF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Multicomp U0805R473KCT | FEC 9406379 |
| 2 | J1, J3 | 8 -pin header, 100 mil centers | Harwin D01-9922046 | FEC 1022217 |
| 3 | J2, J4, J5 | 8 -pin header, 100 mil centers | No component fitted | N/A |
| 2 | R1, R7 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R2 | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 23K7BI.T1 | FEC 1160225 |
| 2 | R3, R5 | $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 56K2BI.T1 | FEC 1160251 |
| 1 | R4 | $19.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwy PCF0805R-19K1BT1 | FEC 1353228 |
| 1 | R6 | $30.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 30K1BI.T1 | FEC 1160234 |
| 1 | R8 | $73.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwy PCF0805R-73K2BT1 | FEC 1353300 |
| 7 | R9 to R12, R13 to R15 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, \pm 2 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 100K G | FEC 1099816 |
| 1 | SW1 | 6-way DIL switch | Multicomp MCDM(R)-06-T | FEC 9472045 |
| 1 | U1 | ADM1186-1, 20-lead QSOP, 4-channel up/down sequencer and monitor | Analog Devices, Inc. ADM1186-1ARQZ | ADM1186-1ARQZ |

Table 10. Bill of Materials for the ADM1186-2EBZ

| Qty | Reference Designator | Description | Supplier/ Number | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 22 | 1V5, 1V8, 2V5, 3V3, 3V3B, 5VOB, BLNK, DLY2 to DLY4, GND1, GND2, OUT1 to OUT4, PWRGD, UP/DOWN, VIN1 to VIN4 | Red testpoint | Vero 20-313137 | FEC 8731144 |
| 5 | C1, C17, C27, C30, C43 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%, 10 \mathrm{~V}, 0805$ capacitor | AVX 0805ZC105KAT2A | FEC 1327700 |
| 10 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { C3, C4, C6, C10, C11, C13, C16, } \\ & \text { C18 to C20 } \end{aligned}$ | $2.2 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{X} 7 \mathrm{R}, 0805$ capacitor | Phycomp 222224015667 | FEC 9402152 |
| 1 | C12 | $10 \mathrm{nF}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Multicomp U0805R103KCT | FEC 9406352 |
| 4 | C14, C24, C31, C38 | User defined, 0805 capacitor |  | Option only, not fitted |
| 2 | C15, C34 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%$, 0805 capacitor | Kemet C0805F104K5RAC | FEC 1288272 |
| 4 | C21, C35, C36, C41 | Single pin socket | Harwin H3153F01 | FEC 519935 (2 pins required per component) |
| 4 | C22, C25, C26, C29 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Kemet C0805F104K5RAC | FEC 1288272 |
| 3 | C23, C28, C37 | $10 \mathrm{nF}, \pm 10 \%$, 0805 capacitor | Multicomp U0805R103KCT | FEC 9406352 |
| 2 | C32, C33 | $10 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \%$, RTAJ_B, 16 V tantalum capacitor | Kemet B45196H3106K209 | FEC 9753893 |
| 1 | C39 | $47 \mathrm{nF}, \pm 10 \%, 50 \mathrm{~V}, 0805$ capacitor | Multicomp U0805R473KCT | FEC 9406379 |
| 1 | C40 | $220 \mathrm{nF}, \pm 10 \%, 25 \mathrm{~V}, 0805$ capacitor | AVX 08053C224KAZ1A | FEC 7569572 |
| 7 | D1 to D7 | Green 0805 chip LED | Kingsbright KP-2012SGC | FEC 1318243 |
| 1 | D10 | High speed switching diode, SOD-80C | NXP BAS32L | FEC 1097173 |
| 1 | J1 | 2-pin terminal block ( 5 mm pitch) | Lumberg KRM 02 | FEC 1177875 |
| 1 | J3 | 2.1 mm dc barrel power connector | Cliff Electronic Components DC10A | FEC 224-959 |
| 1 | J4 | 3-pin SIL header and shorting link | Harwin M20-9990345 and M7567-05 | FEC 1022248 and 150410 |
| 6 | Q1 to Q5, Q8 | BC850B, SOT-23, general-purpose NPN transistor | NXP BC850C | FEC 1081241 |
| 1 | R1 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R2 | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 23K7BI.T1 | FEC 1160225 |
| 2 | R3, R5 | $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 56K2BI.T1 | FEC 1160251 |
| 1 | R4 | $19.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R19K1BT1 | FEC 1353228 |
| 1 | R6 | $30.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 30K1BI.T1 | FEC 1160234 |
| 1 | R7 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R8 | $73.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn PCF0805R73K2BT1 | FEC 1353300 |
| 2 | R9, R10 | $18 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461803 | FEC 9237780 |
| 14 | R11, R14 to R16, R19, R20, <br> R23, R24, R28, R29, R30, <br> R38, R47, R50 | $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 2 \%, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 1K G | FEC 1099800 |
| 2 | R12, R13 | $56 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273465603 | FEC 9237844 |
| 2 | R17, R22 | $15 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461503 | FEC 9237771 |
| 1 | R18 | $33 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273463303 | FEC 9237810 |
| 1 | R21 | $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273461003 | FEC 9237755 |
| 5 | R25, R33, R34, R35, R37 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 2 \%, 0805$ resistor | Welwyn WCR 0805 100K G | FEC 1099816 |
| 1 | R26 | $5.6 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 1 \%, 0805$ resistor | Phycomp 232273465602 | FEC 9237712 |


| Qty | Reference <br> Designator | Supplier/ <br> Number | Part Number |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Table 11. Analog Bill Of Materials for the EVAL-ADM1186-2MBZ

| Qty | Reference Designator | Description | Supplier/Manufacturer | Part Number |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4 | C1, C4 to C6 | $1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, 10 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | AVX 0805ZC105KAT2A | FEC 1327700 |
| 1 | C2 | $0.1 \mu \mathrm{~F}, \pm 10 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Kemet C0805F104K5RAC | FEC 1288272 |
| 1 | C7 | $47 \mathrm{nF}, 50 \mathrm{~V}, \pm 10 \%$, 0805 capacitor | Multicomp U0805R473KCT | FEC 9406379 |
| 2 | J1, J3 | 8-pin header, 100 mil centers | Harwin D01-9922046 | FEC 1022217 |
| 3 | J2, J4, J5 | 8-pin header, 100 mil centers | No component fitted | N/A |
| 2 | R1, R7 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R 100KBI.T1 | FEC 1160261 |
| 1 | R2 | $23.7 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R 23K7BI.T1 | FEC 1160225 |
| 2 | R3, R5 | $56.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R 56K2BI.T1 | FEC 1160251 |
| 1 | R4 | $19.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R-19K1BT1 | FEC 1353228 |
| 1 | R6 | $30.1 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R 30K1BI.T1 | FEC 1160234 |
| 1 | R8 | $73.2 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 0.1 \%, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn PCF0805R-73K2BT1 | FEC 1353300 |
| 5 | R9 to R12, R14 | $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega, \pm 2 \%, 0.1 \mathrm{~W}, 0805$ capacitor | Welwyn WCR 0805 100K G | FEC 1099816 |
| 1 | SW1 | 4-way switch | Omron Electronic Components A6S-4101 | FEC 9901868 |
| 1 | U1 | ADM1186-2, 16-lead QSOP, 4-channel up/down sequencer and monitor | Analog Devices, Inc. | ADM1186-2ARQZ |

ORDERING GUIDE

| Model | Description |
| :--- | :--- |
| EVAL-ADM1186-1EBZ | 1 | Evaluation Board for ADM1186-1 1 Micro-Evaluation Board for ADM1186-1

${ }^{1} Z=$ RoHS Compilant Part.

## ESD CAUTION



ESD (electrostatic discharge) sensitive device. Charged devices and circuit boards can discharge without detection. Although this product features patented or proprietary protection circuitry, damage may occur on devices subjected to high energy ESD. Therefore, proper ESD precautions should be taken to avoid performance degradation or loss of functionality.

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